

presentation

RUHFUS

Neuss, Germany

RUHFUS

-manufacturing of custom made cylinders – -hydraulic systems and intermediate products



presentation

RUHFUS

Neuss, Germany



name: Ruhfus Systemhydraulik
founded: 1907
location: Büdericher Str. 7, Neuss
Germany
internet: www.ruhfus.com
managing director: Hartmut Fox

capital: 1.835.000 €
turnover: 20 Mio. EUR p.a.
employees: 110
ratio of export: 80%

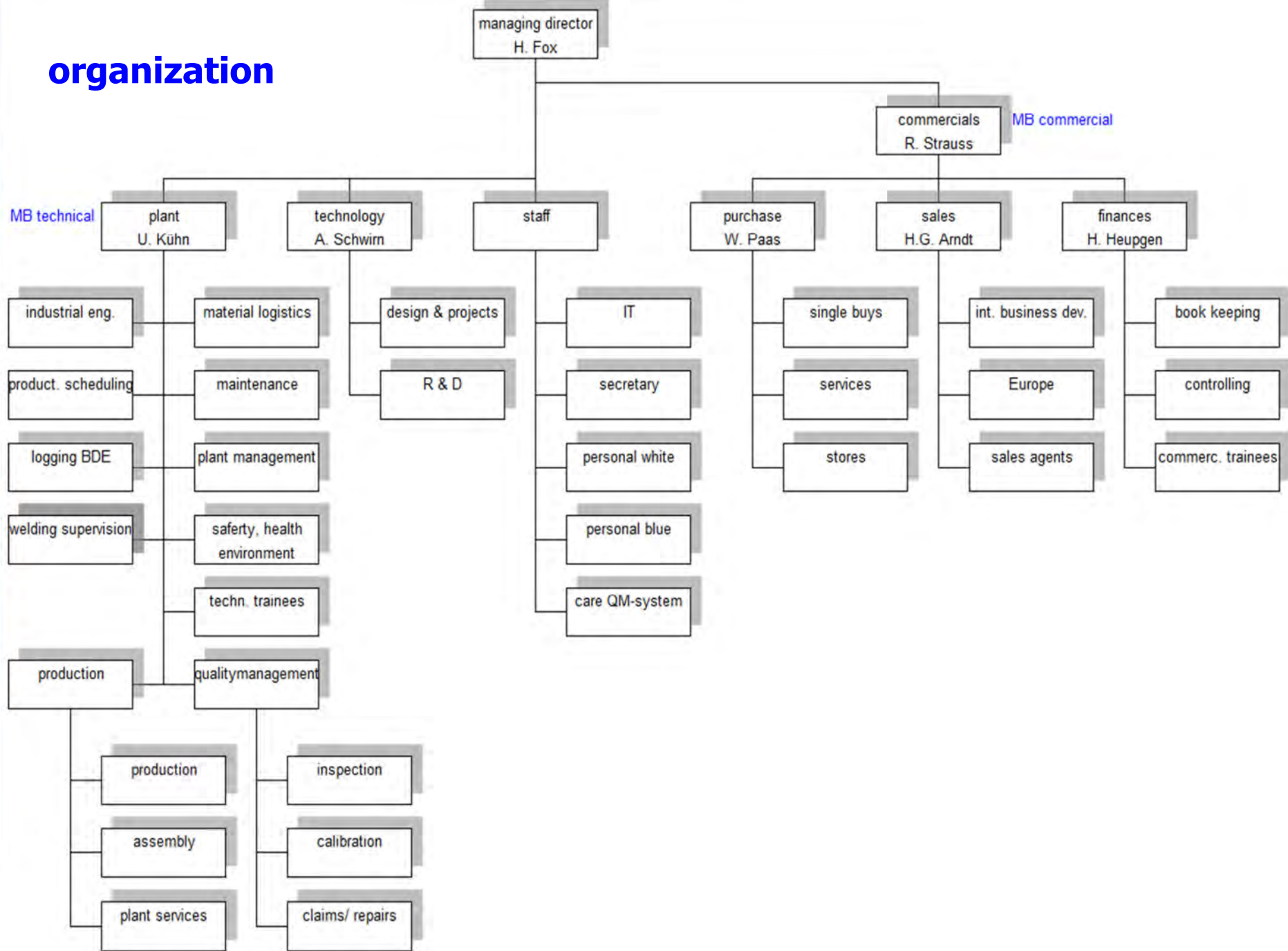


VISION

- *... TO BECOME 1 OF THE 10 MOST SOPHISTICATED SUPPLIER FOR HIGHLY DEMANDING CYLINDERS, BIG OR LONG*
- *... TO SUPPLY CUSTOMERS WORLDWIDE WITH -MADE IN GERMANY-*



organization



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RUHFUS

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- certified since 1996
- semi-annually surveillance audits
- no non-conformities for the last 14 years

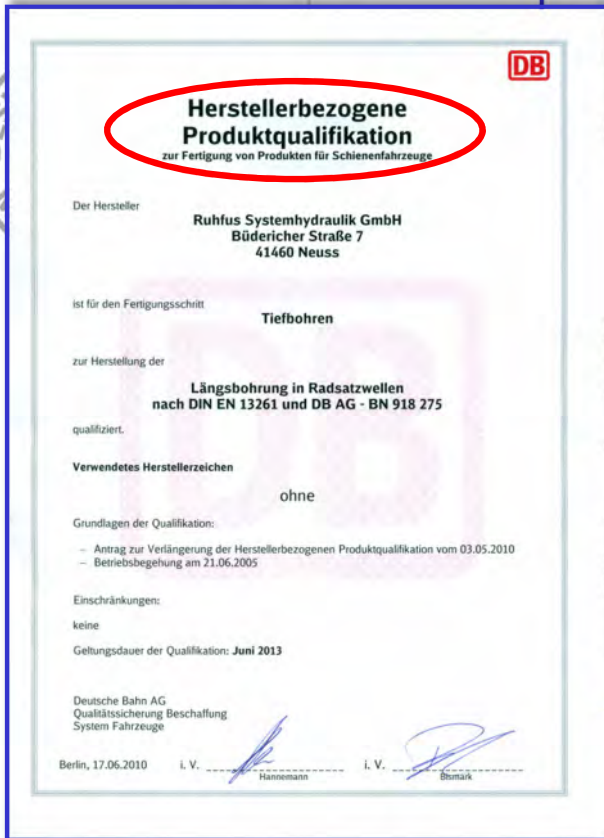


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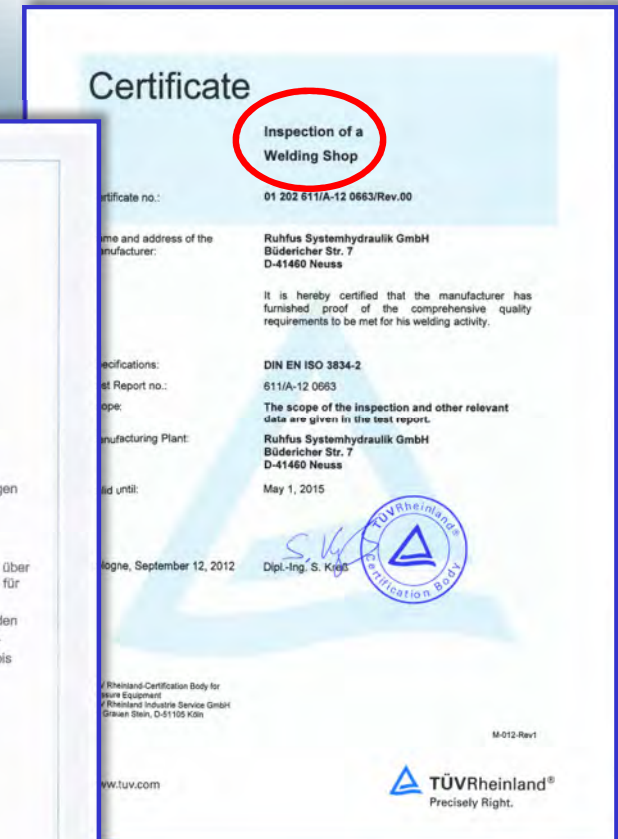
- further certificates and approvals



AD 2000



3834



3834

German railway

Striving for certification of - Pressure Vessel Directive - in June 2013

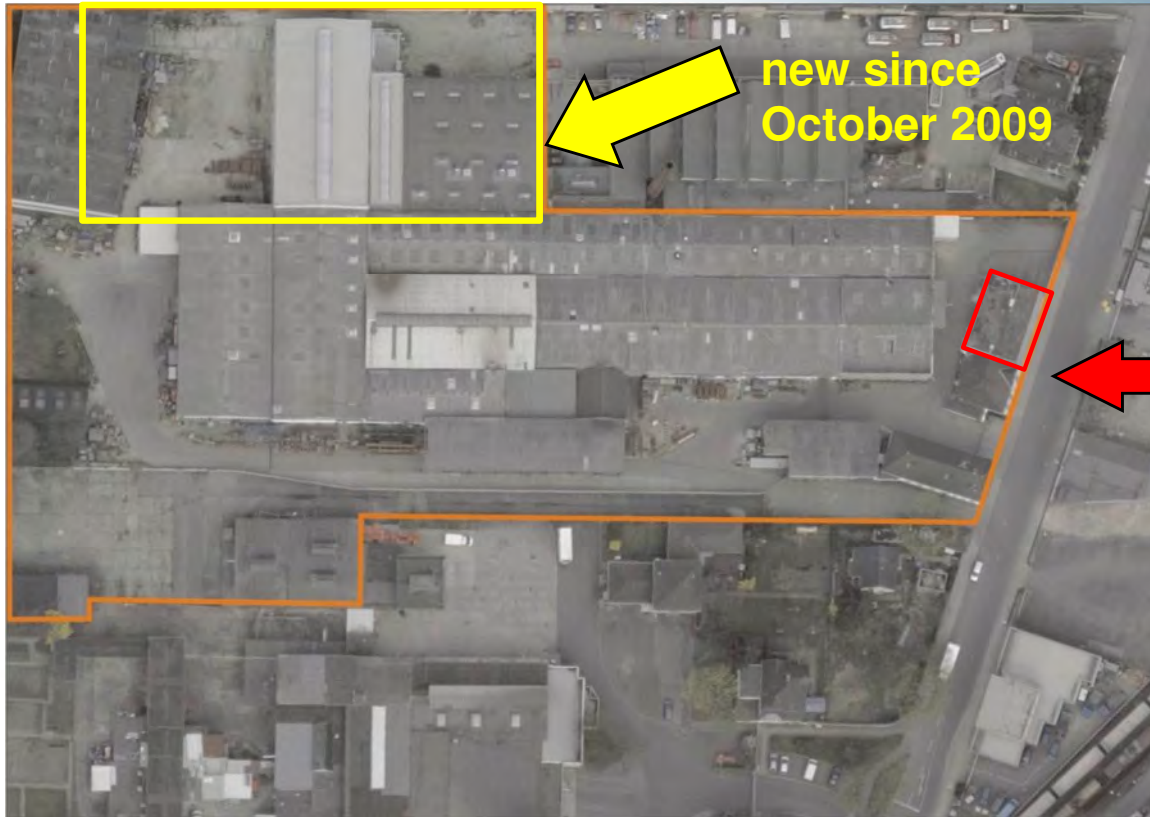
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RUHFUS

Neuss, Germany

head quarter

Ruhfus, Neuss, Germany



administration building

locations and representatives

North America

- United States



Europe

- Germany
- Austria
- Belgium
- France
- Ukraine
- The Netherlands
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- United Kingdom

East Europe

- Russia

Headquarter

Neuss



Asia

- Iran
- China
- Vietnam
- India

South America

Africa

Oceania



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Water Technology (ships, locks, bridges)



Presses (paper, wood, metal sheets, laundry)



Tunnel Drilling



Steel Plants



Ports/ Shipunloader



Coal and Ore Mining



Injection moulding / Diecasting



Wind Energy



Nutrition Industry



Dam and Water- Reservoirs



Concrete Conveyance



Piston Accumulators



Turbines



Know How, accumulated from many different requirements

presentation

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some customer references



VALLOUREC & MANNESMANN TUBES



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core competencies (1)

- design and assembly of special purpose hydraulic cylinder



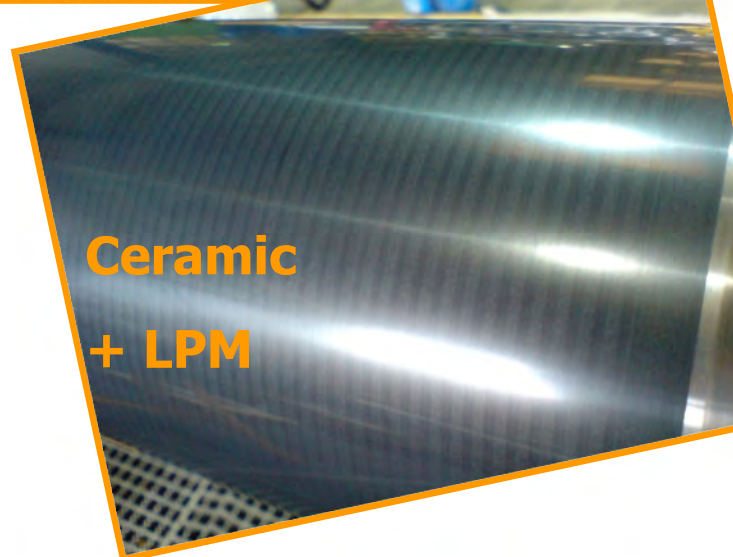
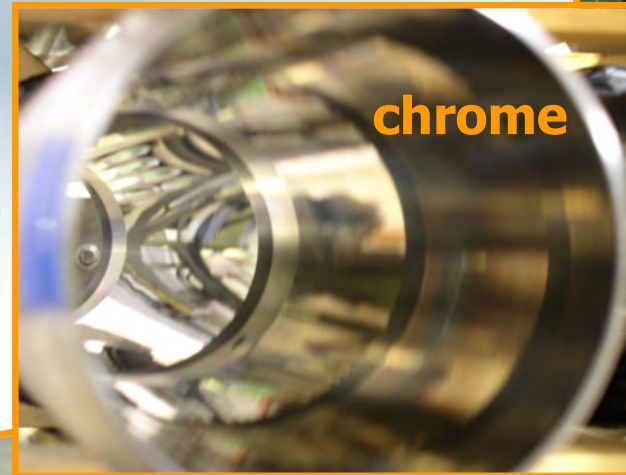
core competencies (2)

- manufacturing of long, highly precise cylinder tubes and piston rods



core competencies (3)

- manufacturing and **treatment** of super finished rotational component



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product portfolio



50% complete cylinders, power packs, control cabinets



35% cylinder components (ready for assembly)



15% processing of customer material



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**machine
park**

machine park at RUHFUS



key facts of facilities and capacities

production plant in Neuss, Germany

total available area	24.000 m ²
total production area	15.500 m ²
crane capacities	25 to
under beam height	8,5 m

- up to 670 mm/ 1.200 mm bore diameter
- up to 1.500 mm outer diameter
- up to 15.000 mm in tube length
- up to 17.000 mm in rod length



key facts to facilities and capacities

deep hole drilling:

6 machine tools



length

20 – 680 mm

– 10.000 mm

honing:

6 machine tools



length

20 – 600 mm

– 16.000 mm

roller burnishing:

5 machine tools



length

0 – 350 mm

– 10.000 mm

turning/ milling:

16 machine tools

CNC, NC, conventional

outer

– 1.500 mm

length

– 10.000 mm

welding:

robotics, semi automatic, manually
MAG, WIG, UP

tests: magnetic particles, ultra sonic

assembly:

performed tests:

600 bar testing pressure, function

details:

on www.RUHFUS.com, „production options“



key facts of facilities and capacities

recent investments

Deephole drilling machine 10 m	2004	740 T Euro
CNC turning center (rotation tools) 2 m/ 650 mm	2004	250 T Euro
CNC turning center (rotation tools) 6 m/ 840 mm	2005	705 T Euro
Conventional lathe 10 m/ 1300 mm	2006	380 T Euro
CNC honing machine 3 m/ 250 mm	2007	160 T Euro
CNC milling center 15000 x 960 mm x 1000 mm	2008	540 T Euro
Paint shop 16.000 mm x 1.500 mm	2009	250 T Euro
Welding plant UP & WIG 15.000 mm x 1.500 mm	09/ 2009	300 T Euro
NC lathe 4,5 m/ 1.200 mm	10/ 2009	450 T Euro

facilities and capacities

Fräsbearbeitung - CNC milling -



Axa VHS 50 - XTS

5 Achsen-Hochgeschwindigkeits-Fahrständer-Bearbeitungszentrum

Bearbeitungsfenster: 4000 x 1.000 x 1.000 mm

Aufnahmen: 2 x 30 Werkzeugplätze

Steuerung: Heidenhain iTNC 530

Antriebsleistung: 57 kW

Besonderheiten: Achsschwenkkopf
stufenlos positionierbar
integrierter **Rundtisch**,
horizontal und vertikal
zu verwenden
verstärkte **Auflagetische**
Pendelbetrieb vorgesehen



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facilities and capacities

Drehbearbeitung - CNC turning -



Heynumat 24 LK-2/6000

Spitzenweite:	6.000 mm
Bearbeitungsdurchmesser:	770 mm
Lünetten:	170 – 460 mm
Umlaufdurchmesser:	890 mm
Steuerung:	CNC Sinumerik 840 D Shopturn

Besonderheiten: angetriebene Werkzeuge
Bohrstangenarbeit möglich
zwei Supporte
beidseitige, gleichzeitige
Bearbeitung von Rohren
möglich



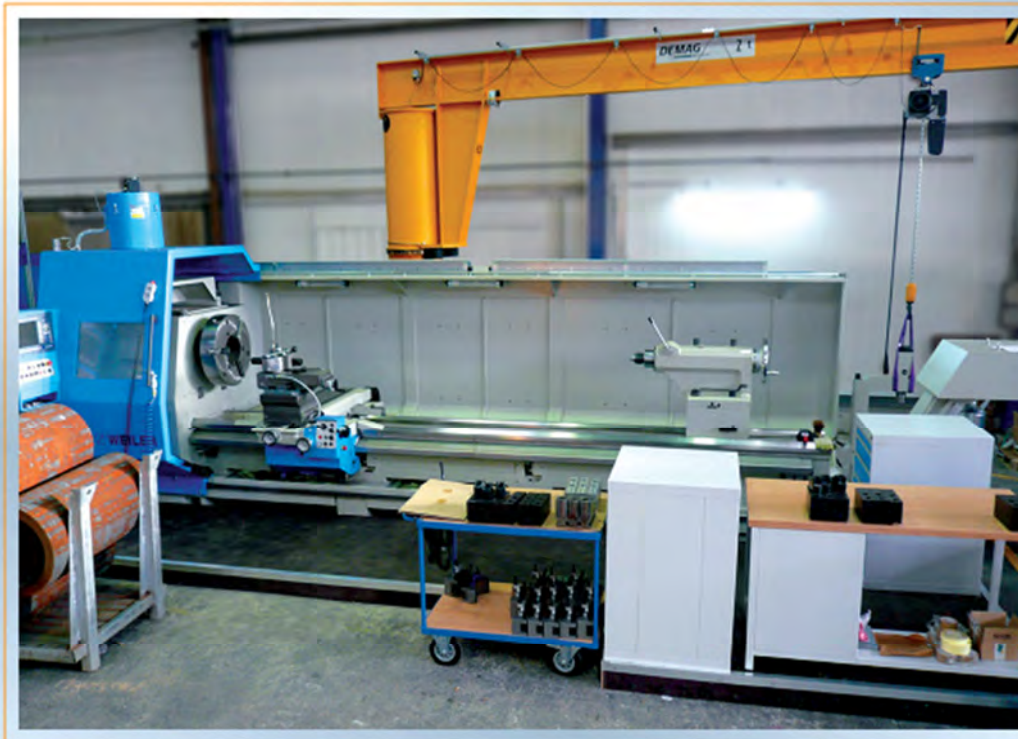
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facilities and capacities

Drehbearbeitung - NC turning -



Weiler E120-4500/ D3

Spitzenweite:	4.500 mm
Bearbeitungsdurchmesser:	830 mm
Lünetten:	300 - 600 mm 580 - 900 mm
Umlaufdurchmesser:	1.200 mm
Steuerung:	CNC Weiler Siemens D3
Antriebsleistung:	45 kW

Besonderheiten: angetriebene
Zentrierwerkzeuge
Bohrstangenarbeit möglich



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facilities and capacities

Drehbearbeitung - conventional turning -



Poreba 10 m

<i>Spitzenweite:</i>	10.000 mm
<i>Spitzenhöhe ü. S.:</i>	500 mm
<i>Lünetten:</i>	2 x 60 – 450 mm 400 – 800 mm
<i>Umlaufdurchmesser:</i>	1.350 mm
<i>Steuerung:</i>	konventionell
<i>Antriebsleistung:</i>	50 kW
<i>Besonderheiten:</i>	keine



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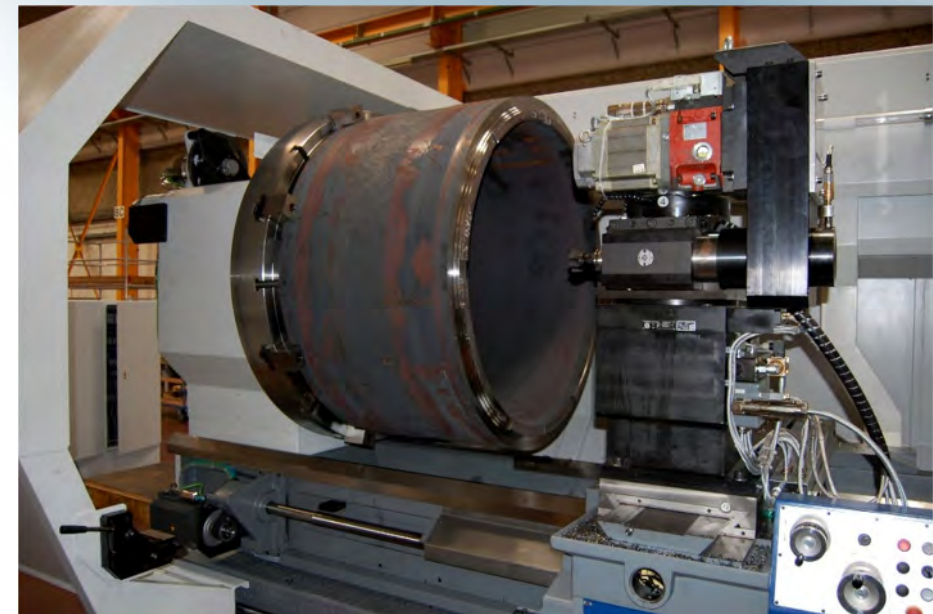
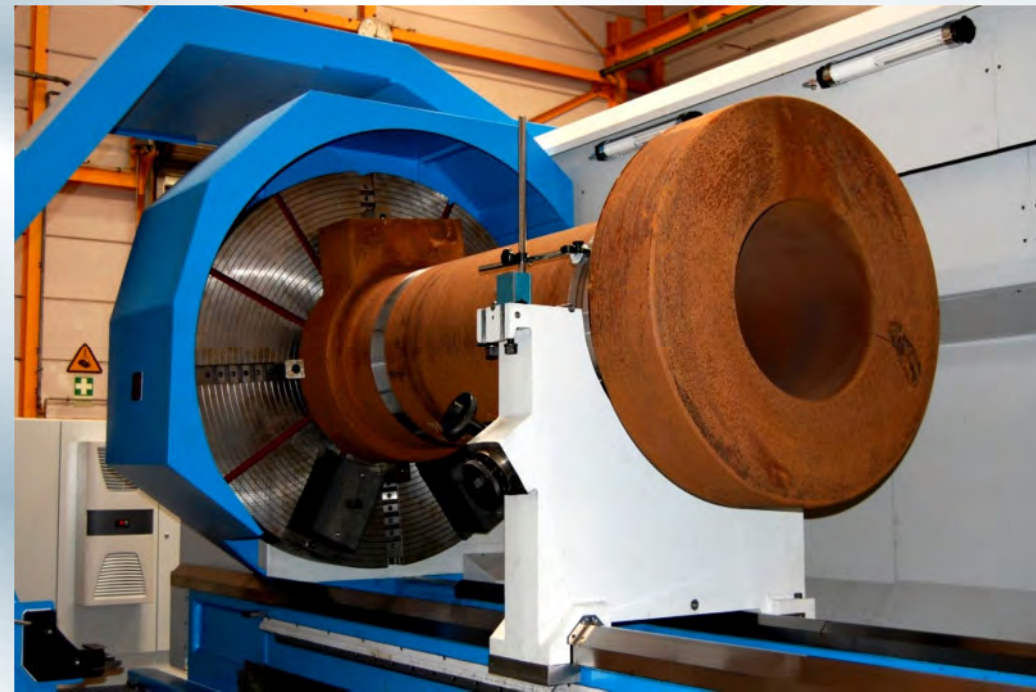
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facilities and capacities

Weiler 200 since Dec. 2012

2.000 x 6.000 mm



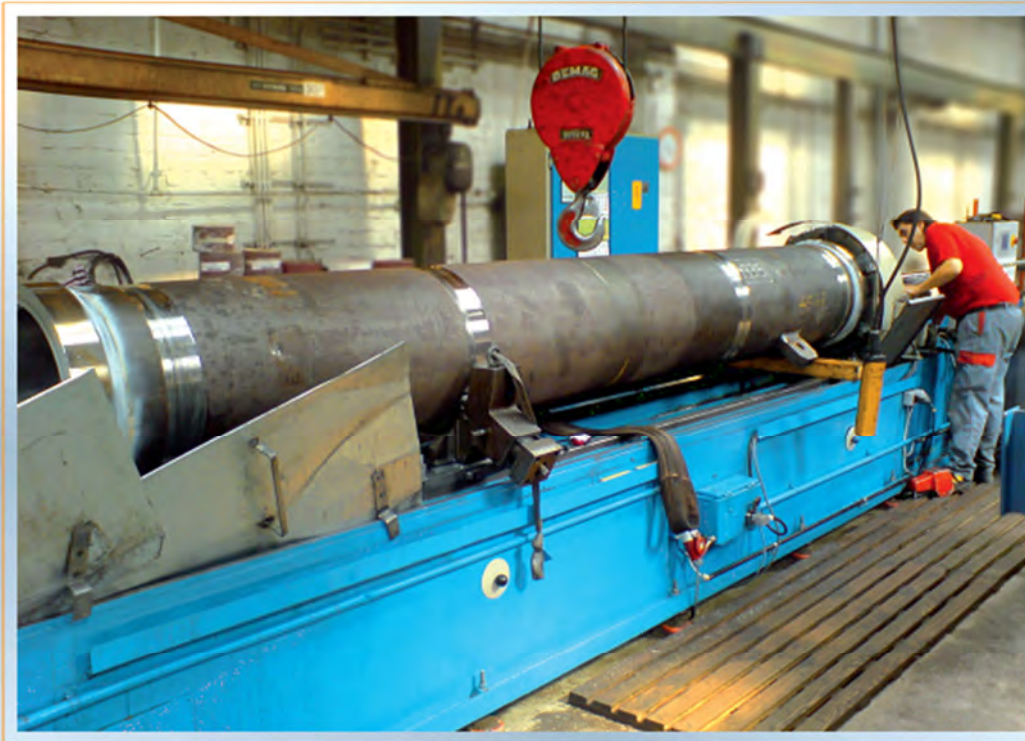
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facilities and capacities

Honen - honing -



Gehring 8,8m horizontal

Bearbeitungslänge: 8.800 mm alternativ
ca. 16.000 mm auf Umschlag

Hondurchmesser: 600 mm

Rohraußendurchmesser: 720 mm

Umlaufdurchmesser: 920 mm

Steuerung: CNC, selbstentwickelt

Antriebsleistung: 50 kW

Besonderheiten: **Gegendrehantrieb**
bis 8.800 mm



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facilities and capacities

- deep hole drilling, skiving & roller burnishing -

Tiefbohren, Schälen & Glattwalzen



Tacchi FT 430

<i>Bohrlänge:</i>	9.700 mm
<i>Bohrdurchmesser:</i>	150 - 600 mm
<i>S & G Länge:</i>	10.000 mm
<i>S & G Durchmesser:</i>	150 - 320 mm
<i>Rohraußendurchmesser:</i>	720 mm
<i>Umlaufdurchmesser:</i>	960 mm
<i>Steuerung:</i>	CNC Sinumerik 840 D
<i>Antriebsleistung:</i>	120 kW + 60 kW
<i>Besonderheiten:</i>	keine



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facilities and capacities

Schweißen - welding -



Schweißanlage (Eigenentwicklung)

Spitzenweite: 15.000 mm
Spitzenhöhe: 600 mm
Lünetten: bis 800 mm
Steuerung: CNC Lincoln

Besonderheiten: Fügen und Verschweißen
von Rohren
Rundschweißen
Längstschweißen
WIG/ UP/ MAG (vorbereitet)
Wurzeldurchhang max. 0,3 mm
gesteuerte Pulvertrocknung



facilities and capacities

Lackieren - painting -



Lutro Super 50

**kombinierte Reinigungs-, Farbspritz-
und Trocknungskabine**

Kabinenlänge: 16.000 mm

Kabinenbreite: 4.000 mm

Luftleistung: 2 x 28.000 m³ / h

Heizleistung: 2 x 186 kW (max. + 90° C)
(mit Wärmerückgewinnung)

Steuerung: SPC, Siemens

Besonderheiten: Wand- und Bodenabsaugung
Mittige Teilung der Kabinen
Kabinen separat steuerbar



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facilities and capacities

- assembly -



crane capacity 25 tons

area 800 m²

test pressure max. 600 bar



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key facts of facilities and capacities

3 – D System Solid Edge



design
facilities



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**design
facilities**

key facts of facilities and capacities

designer

4 engineers (mechanical)

experience: 32 years

8 years

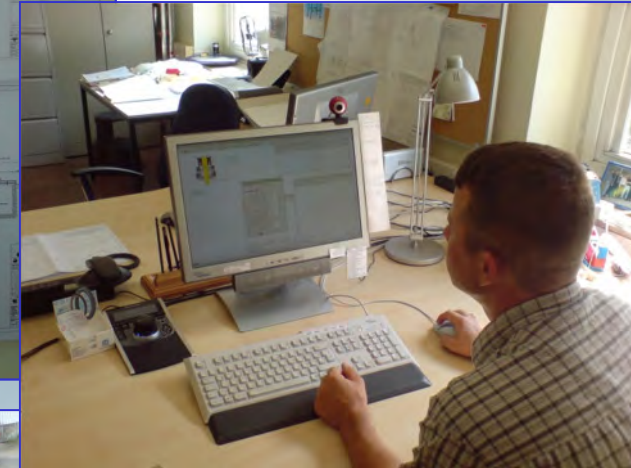
5 years

3 years

documentation

1 engineer (electronics)

experience: 7 years



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cylinder dimensionizing

wall thickness, rod, piston, pressure



Only an essence out of many various calculation schemes!!

cylinder calculation

	Hydraulik Zylinder Kalkulation Hydraulic Cylinder Calculation ohne Knickung - without buckling		Projekt-Nr. :	50426
			Project-no. :	
			Erstellt :	A.S.
			Construct :	
		Datum :	28.01.2013	
		Date :		

5.4 Berechnung der Wandstärke von Stahlrohren gegen Innendruck
In Anlehnung an DIN 19704-1:1998-05
 Calculation of the required wallthickness of the cylindertube against internal pressure at service condition according to DIN 19704-1 : 1998

- DIN 2413 : 2005-04 " Nahtlose Stahlrohre für schwellende Beanspruchung , Berechnungsgrundlage für Rohre und Rohrbögen " " Calculation of wall thickness of steel tubes subjected to internal pressure " Design rules for pipes and elbows
- Rohrwandberechnung ; Spannung in der Zylinderrohrwand ; Formulas for stress & strain (Roark/Young)
 - Tube sheet computation tension in the cylinder barrel wall ; Formulas for stress & strain (Roark/Young)
- Geltungsbereich I "Vorwiegend ruhend beansprucht bis -10°C bis +120°C"
 - Area of application I "mostly static loaded -10°C to +120°C"
- Die angegebenen Formeln gelten für Rohre mit Kreisquerschnitt ohne Ausschnitte bis zu einem Durchmesser Verhältnis von $u = D_a / D_i = 2$
 - the formulas apply for pipes with a circular cross-section without extracts up to a diameter ratio of $u = D_a / D_i = 2$

Rohrwerkstoff / Norm Tube material / Rules	:	E355+AR EN 10297-1
Streckgrenze Yield strength tube material	R_{eH} :	335 N/mm ²
Zugfestigkeit Tensile strength tube material	R_{m} :	490 N/mm ²
Dehnung Elongation tube material	A :	20 %
Sicherheitsfaktor Safety factor	S :	1,6
Erhöhungsfaktor nach DIN 19704-1 ; Abschnitt 10.2.2 Increase factor to DIN 19704-1 ; Section 10.2.2	E :	40 %
Rohr Innen- ϕ Tube inside diameter	D_i :	600 mm
Auslegungs Druck Design pressure	p :	215 bar
Prüfdruck Test pressure	P_p :	325 bar
Schweißnahtfaktor bei nahtlosen Röhren Weld factor seamless tube	V_N :	1
Zuschlag zum Ausgleich der zul. Wanddicken-Unterschreitung Allowance for minus thickness tolerance	c_1 :	0 mm
Zuschlag zur Berücksichtigung von Korrosion & Abnutzung Wastage allowance	c_2 :	2 mm
Durchmesser Verhältnis Dia ratio	u :	2

cylinder dimensionizing deflection of slender cylinder

according to DIN 19704

designed, programmed and approved
for RUHFUS by
University Linz, Austria (2005)



cylinder
calculation

Berechnungsdatenblatt
schlanker Hydraulikzylinder nach DIN 19704-1

Projektdaten

Kunde	Zählung	Datum	20. Dezember 2007
Projekt-Nr.	111665-1	Sachbearbeiter	A. Schwinn
Abmessung	D 280/140x630		

Eingabe

Geometrische Abmessungen

Rotationsfreiheitsgrad	f_y	z	Winkel	α	60 °
Lager - Zylinder Abst.	l_1	280 mm	Zylinderlänge	l_2	4270 mm
Kolbenstangenlänge	l_3	4640 mm	Reslänge	l_4	370 mm
Buchsenlänge Kolben	b_1	350 mm	Buchsenlänge Zylinder	b_2	380 mm
Zylinderinnend.	d_1	400 mm	Zylinderausend.	D_1	470 mm
Stangendurchmesser	D_2	250 mm	Gelenkkapld. A1	d_{A1}	200 mm
Gelenkkapld. A2	d_{A2}	200 mm			

Aussere Kräfte

Normalkraft	F	2000000 N
Masse Zylinderdeckel	m_1	225 kg
Masse Lager A1	m_2	350 kg
Masse Lager A2	m_3	480 kg
Masse Kolben	m_4	350 kg
Masse Zylinderkopf	m_5	225 kg

Sicherheitsfaktoren

Talksicherheitsbeiwert	γ_{D1}	1,35
Talksicherheitsbeiwert	γ_{D2}	1,35
Kombinationsbeiwert	ψ	1,00
Talksicherheitsbeiwert	γ_{ψ}	1,50

Werkstoffe

Zylinderrohr	E355 + AR od.	max. Druck	$p_{1,2max}$	250 bar
DIN EN 10297-1, Rohre aus unlegierte				
Kolbenstange	42CrMo4 - QT	Reibzahl Lager A1	μ_1	0,15
DIN EN 10083-1, Vergütungsstähle - E		Reibzahl Lager A2	μ_2	0,15
Buchsen	C380			
Führungsläng aus Hartgewebe / Busak				

Drücke und Reibzahlen

former

RUHFUS Systemhydraulik

Hydraulik Zylinder Kalkulation
Hydraulic Cylinder Calculation
mit Knickung - with buckling

Projekt-Nr. : 114461
Project-no. : 114461
Erstellt : V. Sept
Construct : V. Sept
Datum : 20.12.2011
Date : 20.12.2011

5.18 Berechnung der Spannungen in der Kolbenstange im ausgefahrenen Zustand mit Schrägstellung unter Druckspannung (Theorie II. Ordnung)
Calculation of the stress in the piston rod, with extended pulling cylinder and inclined installation attitude ; under pushing force (Theorie II. Ordnung)

Eingabewerte
Input value

Druck kolbenseitig Pressure piston side	p	7	bar
Rohr außen-Ø Tube outside dia.	D_a	495,00	mm
Kolben-Ø Diameter of piston	D_k	420	mm
Kolbenstangen-Ø Diameter of piston rod	d_s	240	mm
Neigungswinkel des Zylinders (zur Vertikalen, Zyl. ausgefahren) Angle of inclination, to vertical ; rod extendet	β	40,5	°
Länge der ausgef. Kolbenstange Lenght extendest piston rod	l_k	11.887	mm
Führungslänge der Kolbenstange Bearing lenght piston rod	l_b	663	mm
Länge Zylinderrohr Lenght cylinder tube	l_n	11.500	mm
Reibungszahl Gelenklager Friction coefficient spherical bearing	μ	0,05	
Gelenklager-Ø Spherical bearing - Ø	d_G	200	mm
Kugel-Ø Gelenklager Ball -Ø spherical bearing	d_K	250	mm
Dichte von Stahl Density steel	ρ	7,85	kg/m³
Dichte von Oel Density oil	ρ_{oil}	0,90	kg/m³
Sicherheitsfaktor Safety grade	ν_k	2,50	

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actual version



Knickberechnung
Buckling Calculation
Kolbenstange - Piston rod

Projekt-Nr. : 50426
 Project-no.
 Erstellt : **A.S.**
 Construct
 Datum : 28.01.2013
 Date

Eingabewerte
Input value

Kolbenstangen-Ø
Diameter of piston rod d_s : 240 mm

EULER Fall
EULER service condition : 4

Werkstoff der Kolbenstange
Material piston rod : 1.4057

Streckgrenze der Kolbenstange
Yield strenght piston rod R_{eH} : 600 N/mm²

Knicklänge
Buckling length L_k : (862,5+2900)x0,5 = 1.881 mm

Sicherheitsbeiwert entsprechend DNV Pkt.3.7.4
Standard for Certification No.2.9;TAP No.5-778.93
Safety factor acc. DNV Approval Programm no.5-778.93 S : 2,92

Elastizitätsmodul
Modulus of elasticity E : 210.000 N/mm²

Berechnete Werte
Calculation value

Grenzschnakenheitsgrad
Limit slenderness ratio $\lambda_g = \pi \times \sqrt{\frac{E}{0,8 \times R_{eH}}}$ λ_g : 65,71 kN

Schnakenheitsgrad
slenderness ratio $\lambda = 4 \times \frac{L_k}{d_s}$ λ : 31,35 kN

Trägheitsmoment
Moment of inertia $J = 0,0491 \times d_s^4$ J : 162.902.016,00 mm⁴

$\lambda > \lambda_g \Rightarrow$ Euler falsch
Euler not o.k.

$\lambda < \lambda_g \Rightarrow$ Tetmajer richtig
Tetmajer o.k.

Berechnung nach Euler
Calculation after Euler

zul. Axiale Druckkraft
permissible pushing force $F_{d,zul} = \pi^2 \times E \times \frac{J}{S \times L_k^2}$ $F_{d,zul}$: 32671,5 kN $F_{d,zul} \leq F_{d,vorh}$

Vorh. Axiale Druckkraft
existing pushing force $F_{d,vorh}$: 0,0 kN **o.k.**

Berechnung nach Tetmajer
Calculation after Tetmajer

zul. Axiale Druckkraft
permissible pushing force $F_{d,zul} = \frac{d_s^3 \times \pi \times (315 \times \lambda)}{4 \times S}$ $F_{d,zul}$: 4.392,2 kN $F_{d,zul} \leq F_{d,vorh}$

Vorh. Axiale Druckkraft
existing pushing force $F_{d,vorh}$: 4380,0 kN **o.k.**

cylinder dimensionizing

buckling of slender cylinder

designed, programmed and approved by
RUHFUS

Knickdiagramm

Belastungsfall : 3

	Bereich										
von	6310	8932	7553	8175	8797	9419	10040	10662	11284	11905	12527
Knicklg L0	6310	8932	7553	8175	8797	9419	10040	10662	11284	11905	12527
Hub H	0	580	1160	1740	2320	2900	3480	4060	4640	5220	5800

Druck : 10 bar

	Bereich										
von	6310	8932	7553	8175	8797	9419	10040	10662	11284	11905	12527
Sicherheit S	7,6	6,3	5,3	4,5	3,9	3,4	3,0	2,7	2,4	2,1	1,9

Knickdiagramm

Sicherheit S

Hub (mm)

erweiterte Knickberechnung bei hohlgebohrter Kolbenstange:

Kolbenstangen-Innendurchmesser Di: 0 mm

Knicksicherheitsfaktor S: 1,934

cylinder
calculation
(buckling)


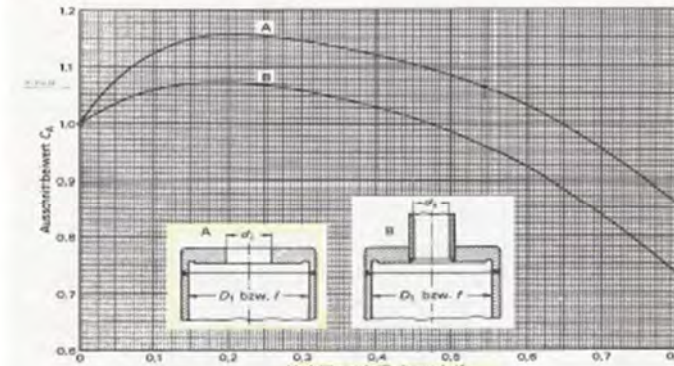
cylinder dimensionizing

safety factor & stress



cylinder calculation

RUHFUS Systemhydraulik		Radial gate cylinder Computation -Calculation	
Input values		Quotation-No. :	9115 / 9116
Safety factor increase		Design :	A.S.
allowable stress		Date :	14.10.2008
calculated wall thickness		Current status : 11-01-2007	
requisite wall thickness		Seite 1 von 25	
requisite tube outside dia.		RUHFUS Systemhydraulik	
tube outside dia. specify acc. DIN / EN		ruhfus.com	
calculated wall thickness		MADE IN GERMANY	
dia ratio		It is to be proven that the dia ratio $D_a / D_i \approx 2$	
		Requirements o.k. !	
calculated wall thickness		Requirements o.k. !	
requisite wall thickness		Requirements o.k. !	
		The specified limits according to DIN 19704 : 2005	
Computation safety factor S by test pressure		Computation safety factor S by test pressure	
push factor γ'		push factor γ' : 1,1	
safety S		safety S : 1,49	
		The work test pressure may not be regarded as increased operating pressure!!	
Expansion cylinder barrel/change of diameter with test pressure		Expansion cylinder barrel/change of diameter with test pressure	
Δd_0		Δd_0 : 0,462	
Existing tensile states with internal positive pressure		Existing tensile states with internal positive pressure	
Tangential tension		Tangential tension σ_t : 140,93 N/mm ²	
Radial stress		Radial stress σ_r : 120,43 N/mm ²	
Tensile stress		Tensile stress σ_z : -20,5 N/mm ²	
Stress intensity (after criterion guest)		Stress intensity σ_s : 60,21 N/mm ²	
Safety factor		Safety factor S : 161,43 N/mm ²	
		Safety factor : 2,14 N/mm ²	

RUHFUS Systemhydraulik		Radial gate cylinder Computation -Calculation	
6.2 Calculation of the required wallthickness of the cylinder front head with opening and with no additional peripheral moment according to AD-Instruction sheet B5		Quotation-No. :	9115 / 9116
		Design :	A.S.
		Date :	14.10.2008
		Current status : 11-01-2007	
Input values		Input values	
Inside -Ø cylinder head		Inside -Ø cylinder head d_i : 222 mm	
Computation factor (Tafel 1 - d)		Computation factor (Tafel 1 - d) C : 0,35	
Material		Material S355J2G3 DIN EN 10025	
Yield strenght material		Yield strenght material R_{eH} : 275 N/mm ²	
Partial safety factor		Partial safety factor γ_F : 1,35	
Partial safety factor		Partial safety factor γ_M : 1,5	
Allowance for minus thckn. Toler. (no allowance forwals thicker than 25 mm)		Allowance for minus thckn. Toler. C_1 : 0 mm	
Wastage allowance (no allowance forwals thicker than 30 mm)		Wastage allowance C_2 : 0 mm	
Flange thickness available		Flange thickness available S : 120 mm	
Flange thickness available		Flange thickness available S_R : 90 mm	

cylinder dimensionizing tension and force calculation „spherical eye – trunnion“



	Hydraulikzylinder Berechnung - Kalkulation Befestigung : Auge- Schwenkzapfen	Angebots-Nr. : xx
		Erstellt : A.S.
		Datum : xx
		Stand : 13-09-2009

5.15 Berechnung der Spannungen in der Kolbenstange im ausgefahrenen Zustand mit Schrägstellung in Anlehnung an DIN 19704-1 : 1998

	Hydraulikzylinder Berechnung - Kalkulation Befestigung : Auge- Schwenkzapfen	Angebots-Nr. : xx
		Erstellt : A.S.
		Datum : xx
		Stand : 13-09-2009

Eingabewerte		
Neigungswinkel des Zylinders (zur Vertikalen ; Zylinder ausgefahren)	α	26 °
Zylinderlänge ausgefahren	L_1	23.840 mm
Länge der ausgef. Kolbenstange	L_2	11.920 mm
Führungslänge der Kolbenstange	L_4	620 mm
Länge Kopf bis Mitte Schwenkzapfen	L_5	9.483 mm
Mitte Schwenkzapfen bis Boden	L_6	1.817 mm
Reibungszahl Gelenklager	μ	0,15
Gelenklager- \varnothing	d_G	200 mm
Kugel- \varnothing Gelenklager	d_K	250 mm
Werkstoff Kolbenstange		25CrMo4+QT DIN EN 10083
Streckgrenze Kolbenstangenmaterial	R_{mH}	400 N/mm ²
Berechnung		
Berechnung der Längen $l_1 - l_{10}$		
$l_1 = \sin \alpha \times L_1$	l_1	10.451 mm
$l_3 = \sin \alpha \times L_3$	l_3	5.225 mm
$l_2 = \frac{l_3}{2}$	l_2	2.613 mm
$l_4 = \sin \alpha \times L_4$	l_4	272 mm
$l_5 = \sin \alpha \times L_5$	l_5	4.157 mm
$l_6 = \sin \alpha \times L_6$	l_6	796,5 mm
$l_7 = \frac{l_6}{2}$	l_7	398,26 mm
$l_8 = \sin \alpha \times \frac{L_4}{2}$	l_8	2.079 mm
$l_9 = \sin \alpha \times \left(L_5 + \frac{L_4}{2} \right)$	l_9	4.293 mm
$l_{10} = \sin \alpha \times \left(L_5 + L_4 + \frac{L_3}{2} \right)$	l_{10}	7.042 mm
$l_{11} = \sin \alpha \times (L_5 + L_4 + L_3)$	l_{11}	9.654 mm
Querschnitt Kolbenstange	A_G	39.761 mm ²

cylinder calculation



cylinder calculation
(damping)

**Auslegung
Endlagendämpfung**

Normen / Vorschriften

Kunde : Tarvand Tadbir
Projekt : Karun 4, Ø420/170x5500

Eingabewerte
Ausgabewerte

1. Endlagendämpfung

Der Kolben (1) wird mit einer Dämpfungsbuchse (2) auf der Kolbenstange befestigt. Durch das einfahren der Dämpfungsbuchse in die Bohrung des Zylinderbodens (3) verringert sich der Querschnitt der abfließenden Druckflüssigkeit aus dem Kolbenraum (4). Die Druckflüssigkeit kann nur noch über die Bohrung (5) und das einstellbare Drosselventil (6) abfließen. Am Drosselventil (6) wird die Wirkung der Dämpfung eingestellt. Je kleiner der Volumenstromquerschnitt um so größer ist die Wirkung der Endlagendämpfung.

Pos.(7) = Drosselschraube
Pos.(9) = Rückschlagventil

Pos.(8) = Korkmutter
Pos.(10) = Entlüftungsschraube

2. Technische Daten

Kolbendurchmesser in mm	420		
Stangendurchmesser in mm	170		
Betriebsdruck p ₀ in N/cm ² ausf.	750	75	bar
Betriebsdruck p ₀ in N/cm ² einf.	2000	200	bar
v _{max} ausfahren in m/s.	0,0050		
v _{max} einfahren in m/s.	0,0050		
bewegte Masse in kg	105.600		
Dämpfungslänge Kolben in m	0,000		
Dämpfungsdurchm. Kolben in cm	0,000		
Dämpfungslänge Stange in m	0,098		
Dämpfungsdurchm. Stange in cm	19,495		

3. Berechnung der Bremskraft

Kolbenfläche	$A_k = d_k^2 \cdot 0,785$	1384,74	cm ²
Ringfläche	$A_R = (d_k^2 - d_s^2) \cdot 0,785$	1.157,88	cm ²
Verzögerung ausfahren	$a_{ausf} = v^2 / 2 \cdot s$	0,00	m/s ²
Verzögerung einfahren	$a_{einf} = v^2 / 2 \cdot s$	#DIV/0!	m/s ²

Legende

F_B = Bremskraft in N
m = bewegte Masse in kg
a = Verzögerung in m/s²
v = Hubgeschwindigkeit in m/s
s = Dämpfungslänge in m
a = Verzögerung in m/s²
d_k = Kolbendurchmesser in cm
A_k = Kolbenfläche in cm²
d_s = Stangendurchmesser in cm
A_R = Ringfläche in cm²
p₀ = Systemdruck in N/cm²
(1 bar = 10 N/cm²)
d_{kx} = Dämpfungsdurchmesser Kolben in cm
A_{ok} = Dämpfungsfläche in cm² (Kolbenraum)
d_{sx} = Dämpfungsdurchmesser Stange in cm
A_{oR} = Dämpfungsfläche in cm² (Ringraum)
p₀ = mittl. Dämpfungsdruck in N/cm²

cylinder dimensionizing
damping

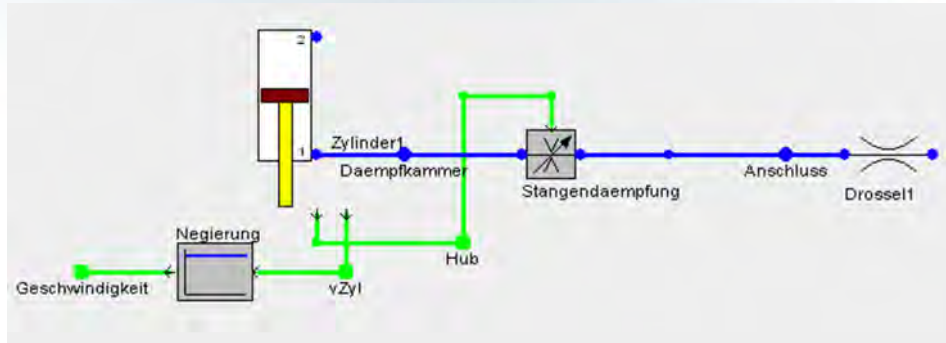
designed, programmed and
approved by RUHFUS

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modelling of cylinder concept and damping scheme



cylinder dimensionizing damping

designed, programmed and approved for RUHFUS by

FLUIDON associated with THH University Aachen, Germany (2006)

parameterising for damping calculation

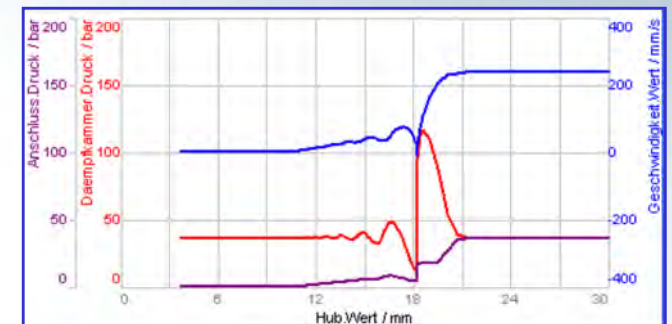
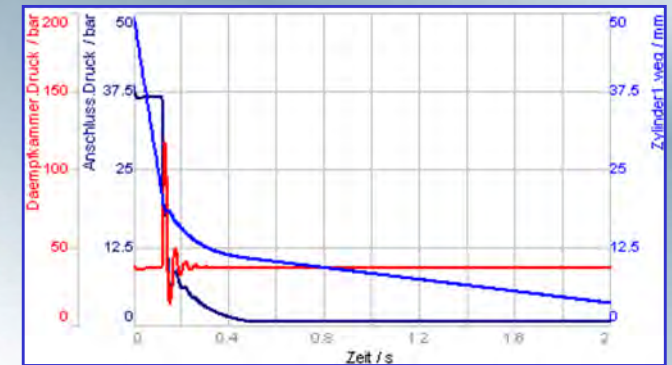
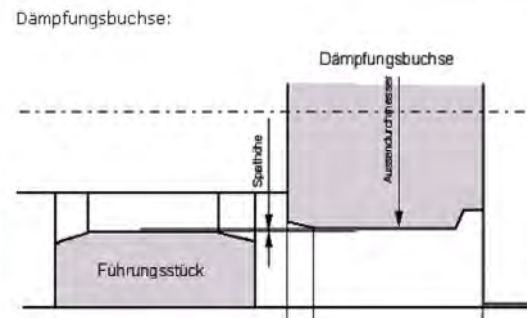
results



cylinder calculation (damping)

Stangendaempfung

Dämpfungsbuchse		
Aussendurchmesser	35	mm
Spalthöhe	55	microm
Breite Phase	1.2	mm
Länge	23	mm
Dämpfnut		
Steigung	8	
Querschnitt	1.423	mm ²
Bezugsposition	3	mm
Nutwinkel	60	°
Länge	12.193	mm
Messdaten eingeben		
Zylinderseite	Seite 1	
Zylinderhub	100	mm
OK Abbruch Laden Speichern Hilfe		



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Our preferred partner

TOPCOAT® ceramic coating and LPM® displacement transducer by



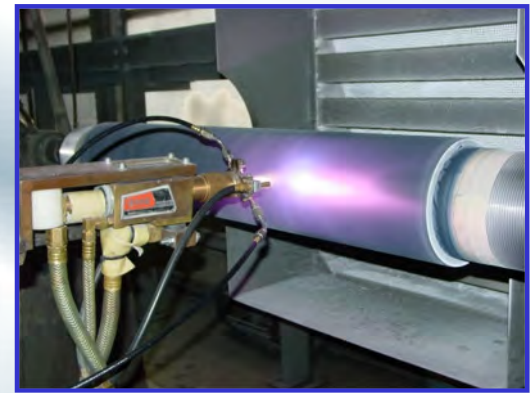
KS-InductiveCoat *and* **KS-VacuumCoat**,
KS-SuperCoat *and* **KS-HardCoat** *by*





Our partner for ceramic coating

The ceramic coating was launched under its own brand name, TOPCOAT® and is used in the hydraulic and civil-engineering world since 1990 as an excellent protection against (salt-water)-corrosion, corrosive substances and general wear and tear.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS		
Technical specifications (according to NBD 10300)		
Specification	Value according to NBD-standard	Griekspoor average
Connection strength	≥ 15 N/mm ²	approx. 40 N/mm ²
Max. service temperature		540 °C
Porosity	< 4%, <i>without open connections</i>	< 3%, <i>without open connections</i>
Macro-hardness	> 60 HRc	approx. 62 HRc
Microhardness	850 HV 300G	1000 HV 300G
Dialectic force		> 100 mΩ
Surface roughness (Ra)	≤ 0,4 μm	approx. 0.3 μm
Surface roughness (Ry)	≤ 5 μm	approx. 4 μm
Bearing part	≥ 80% depth 1,5 μm	≥ 90% depth 1,5 μm
Corrosion resistance	≥ 1000 hours	
Wear-resistance	Equal or better than hardened chrome, depending on the situation	

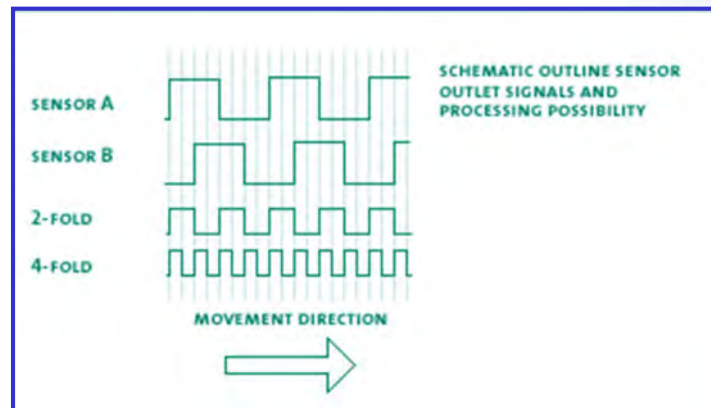
TOPCOAT®			
Application and composition			
Application	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ In (contaminated) salt and/or fresh water, chemically corrosive environment; ○ Exposure to cavitation, abrasive and erosive wear; ○ Combines toughness with great hardness and good wear resistance. 		
Examples	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Plunger rods of hydraulic cylinders, moving parts of bridges and ship locks. ○ Protection against acids and bases in food and nonfood. 		
	Composition		Layer thickness [mm]
First coating	NiCr 80/20	Optimum	0.2 Maximum 0.6
Top layer	Al ₂ O ₃ -TiO ₂ 87/13	Optimum	0.2 Maximum 0.6

DIN50021-155
(35±1°C, 5%±1 weight % NaCl, pH 3.1-3.3, rel. moisture ≥ 95%)

Our partner for ceramic coating

Additional with the ceramic coating an electrical **L**inear **P**ositioning **M**easuring system [LPM®](#), a, *low maintenance and interference, displacement transducer* for piston rod has been developed

The concept is that a profile is placed underneath the ceramic on the piston rod, over which the [TOPCOAT®](#) is applied. Using special recorders (IP67 Class) the profile is read out without a direct contact and converted into a counter signal (digital, 4-20 mA or RSS 422). The measuring accuracy is 1 mm. The repetition accuracy is 0.1 mm.



Our partner

for ceramic coating

The system allows to monitor the travelling distance of the cylinder rod contactless. The Lineare Position Measurement System (LPM®) consists of 1 or 2 sensor that scan the profile of the rod during its movements.

The profile is located underneath the protective TOPCOAT®. The signal is passed on and processed in the control electronics of your installation.

Technical specification	Standard	Special
Supply voltage	18-30 VDC	18-28 VDC
Power consumption	20mA	20mA
Maximum output current	30mA	100mA
Maximum switch frequency	1-20kHz	1-20kHz
Voltage loss	<7VDC (I _A =30mA)	<3VDC
Short-circuit resistant	Yes	Yes
Resistant against reversal of polarity	-	Yes
Control possibility	LED	LED
Temperature range	-25°C... +75°C	-40°C... +120°C
Material	Brass (nickel-plated)	Chrome Nickel Steel (1.4305)
Protection class tracer surface	-	IP68 / 20 bar
Protection class sensor	IP67	IP67



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Ruhfus, partner in power packs and control units



**power
packs
&
control
units**



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Ruhfus, partner in power packs and control units



**power
packs
&
control
units**

presentation

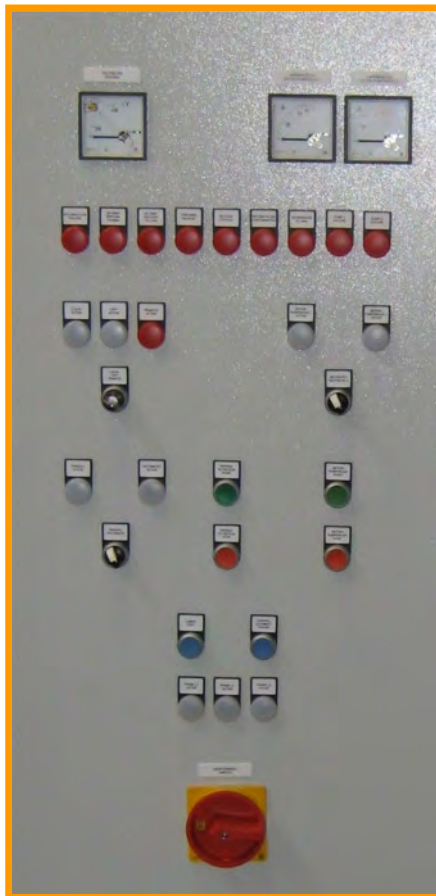
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**power
packs
&
control
units**



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- supplier of various branches -



presentation

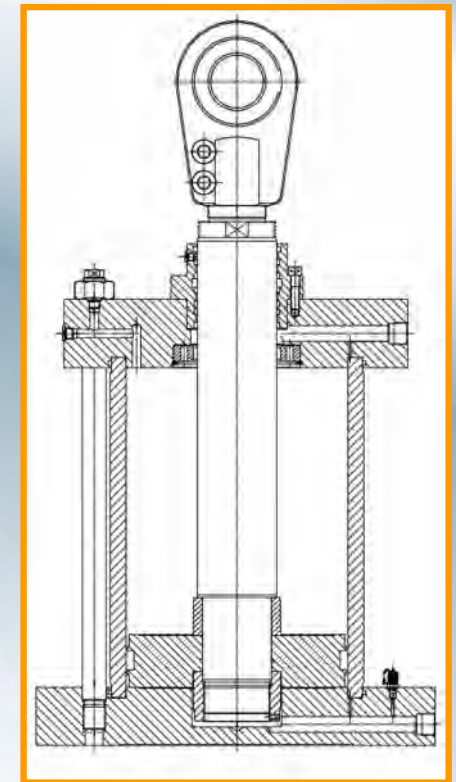
RUHFUS

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Manantali (Senegal - Westafrika) 2000

5 Kaplan Turbines each 40 MW

10 x servomotors for distributor of water turbine 420/ 150; stroke 505 mm



600m long und 65m high dam of Manantali at river **Bafing**

presentation

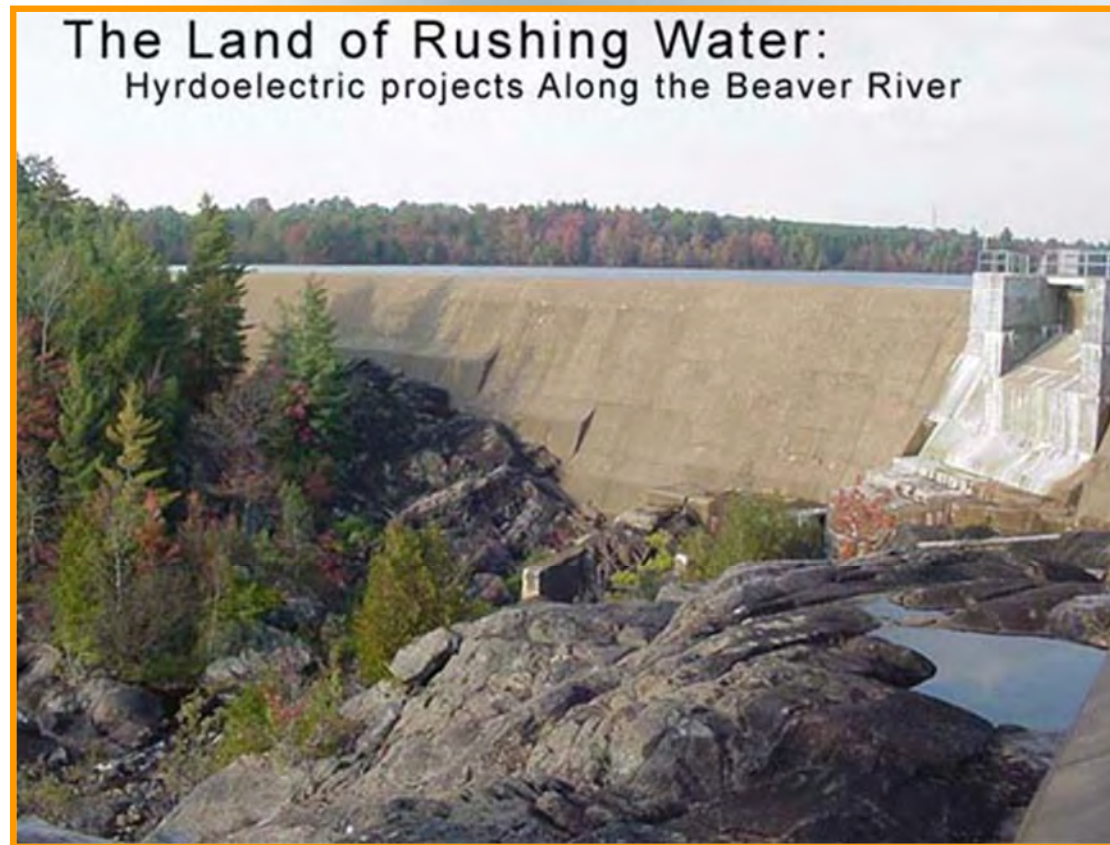
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High Falls (USA / Canada) 2001

8 x servomotors for distributor of water turbine 420 / 160; stroke 535 mm

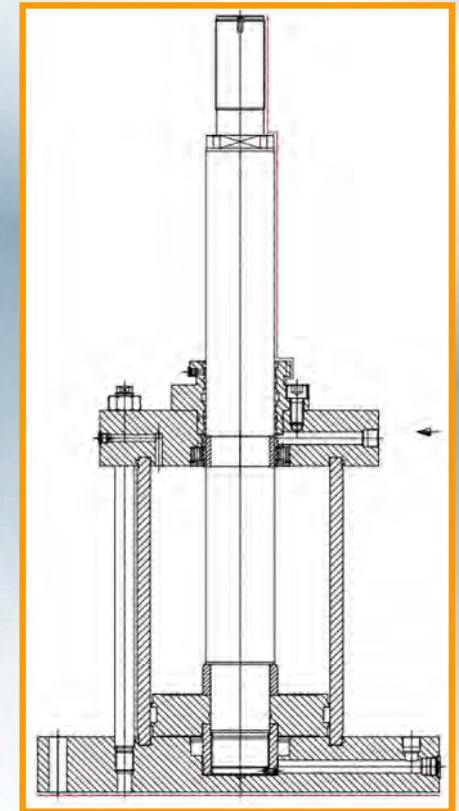
8 x locking cylinders for distributor of water turbine 110/ 95; stroke 45 mm



Walter F. George Lock & Dam (Georgia, USA) 2001

4 x servomotors for distributor of water turbine 260/ 150; stroke 265 mm

4 x locking cylinders for distributor of water turbine 110/ 95; stroke 40 mm



Walter F. George Lock & Dam

presentation

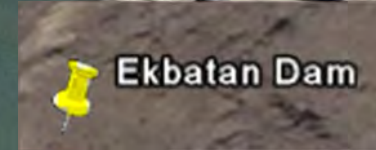
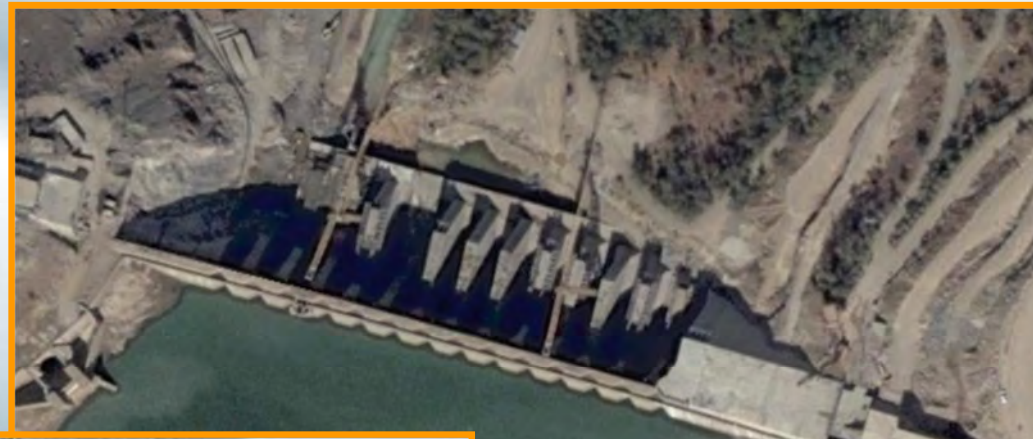
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Ekbatan (Iran) 2006

2 x servomotors for gate operation
200/ 125; stroke 1400 mm
280/ 125; stroke 1550 mm

1 x power pack 500 l +
control unit (local)



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Vanyar Storage dam (Iran) 2007

2 x servomotors for gate operation 380/ 140; stroke 3.300 mm

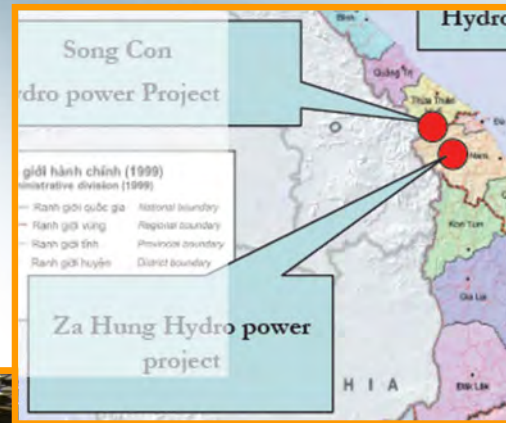
1 x power pack 1.500 l + control unit (local and remote)



Za Hung Hydro Power Plant (Vietnam) 2008

4 x servomotors for gate operation 280/ 140; stroke 6.630 mm, ceramic & LPM

1 x servomotor for gate operation 280/ 140; stroke 4.800 mm, ceramic & LPM



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Sang Tuda II Hydro Power Plant (Tajikistan) 2009

*10 x servomotors for gate operation,
320/ 140; stroke 6.800 mm, ceramic & LPM*

3 x power packs and control cabinets



presentation

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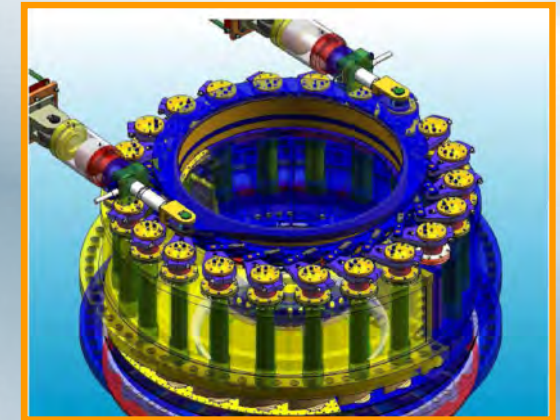
Neuss, Germany

Karacham Wangtoo Hydro Power Plant (India) 2009

Optimized high pressure francise turbine 4 x 300 MW

10 x servomotors for turbine vane adjustment, 400/ 200; stroke 330 mm,

6 x servomotors for turbine vane adjustment, 350/ 200; stroke 2.051 mm,



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Karun IV Hydro Power Plant dam (Iran) 2009

2 x servomotors for intake gate operation, 330/ 125; stroke 9.500 mm,
2 x servomotors for emergency gate operation, 420/ 170; stroke 5.500 mm,
2 x servomotors for service gate operation, 480/ 220; stroke 4.050 mm,
2 x power pack 3000 Liter, $Q = 52 \text{ l/min. / motor} = 22 \text{ kW / p} = 200 \text{ bar}$



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Gotvand Power Plant dam (Iran) 2009

4 x cylinder for power intake gate operation, 550/ 200; stroke 11.600 mm



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Sogomosa HPP (Columbia) 2011

18 x servomotors, 240/ 125, stroke 1.002 mm
→ ring gate

6 x servomotors, 360/ 190, stroke 370 mm
→ vane adjustment with locking device



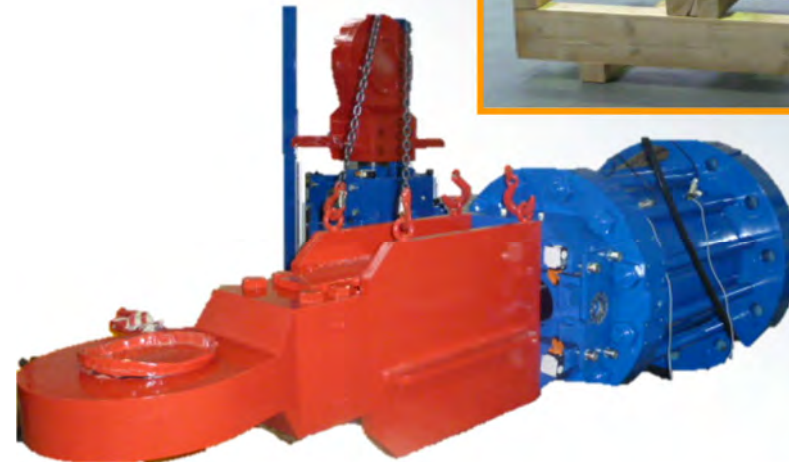
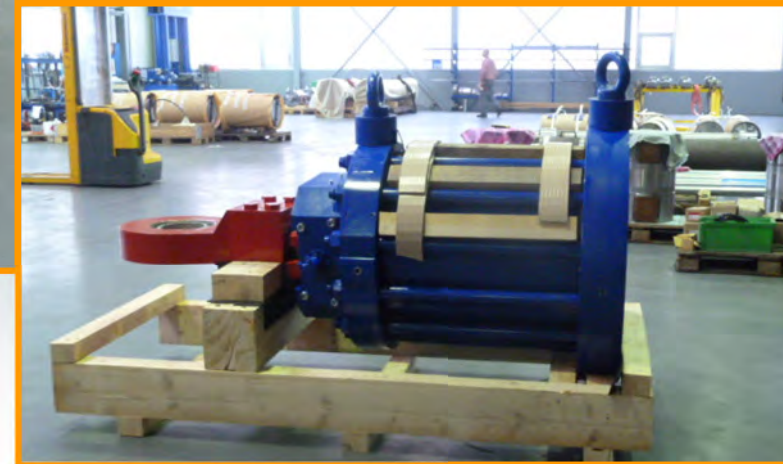
presentation

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Bemposta HPP (Portugal) 2012

2 x servomotors, 550/ 220, stroke 598mm
→ vane adjustment with locking device



presentation

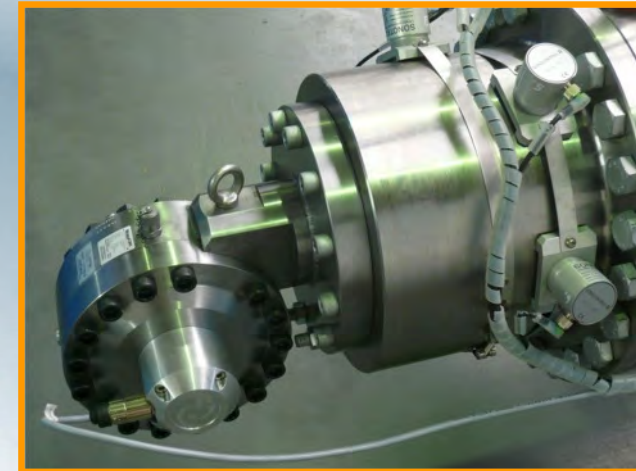
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Frades II dam (Portugal) 2012

1 x cylinder, 290/ 140, stroke 8.500 mm

➔ power intake gate operation



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Sluice gates, Waterways, Bridges, Ship unloader, Marine application

presentation

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Grab Type Shipunloader (No. 3) Luka Koper, (Slovenia)

2 x hydraulic cylinders

double acting 280 x 125, stroke 1614 mm

demands: highly corrosive environment
longevity



presentation

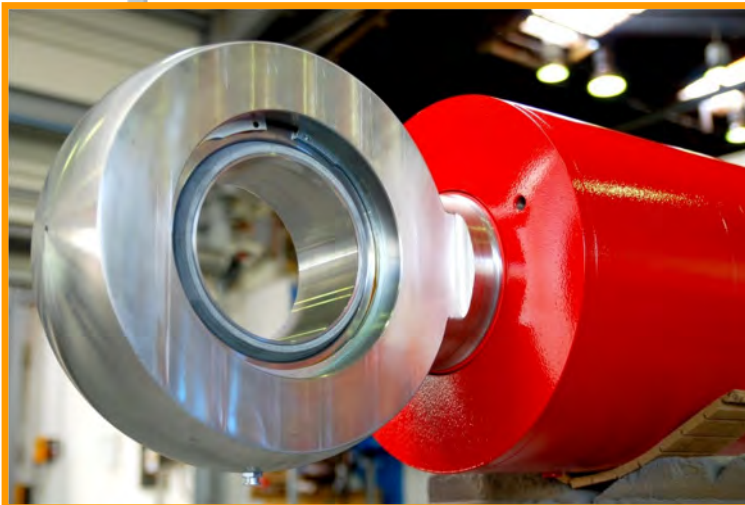
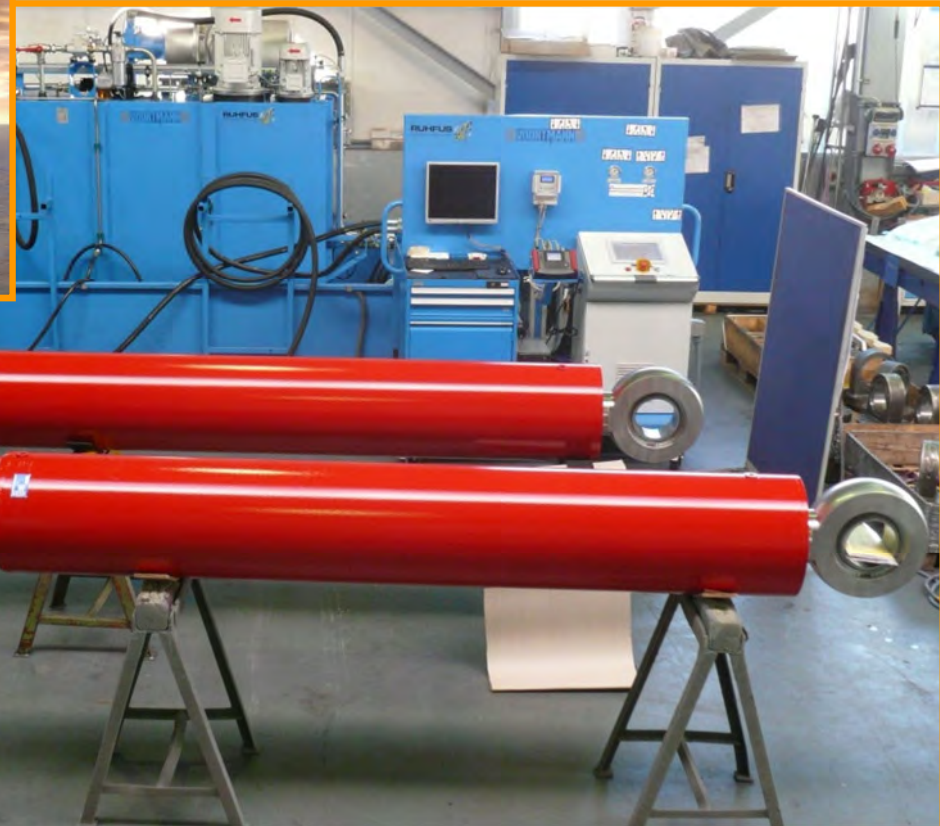
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Crane lifting application, onboard, (Brazil), 2012

DNV design approval

2 x hydraulic cylinders, 320x 180, stroke 1614 mm



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Flood gate Oder/ Neiße (Poland) 2013

2 x hydraulic cylinders 360 x 250, stroke 2.200 mm (blue)
→ gate operation

Port crane Gdansk (Poland) 2013

2 x hydraulic cylinders 400 x 250, stroke 2.600 mm (yellow)



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references

Mining & Reclaiming

presentation

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Mining, shield support

550 x cylinder tubes 442/ 51 x 1.788 mm

550 x cylinder tubes 362/ 66 x 1.540 mm for coal mining,
project in 2004



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BOOM LUFFING (Stacker), Hsinta (Taiwan) 2003

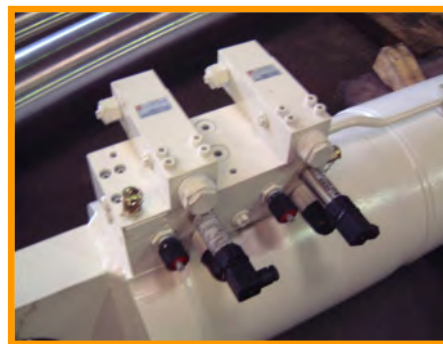
4 x hydraulic cylinders 250 / 160; stroke 2220 mm



demands: very dusty and
abrasive environment
highly corrosive
24 hrs in operation

BOOM LUFFING (Stacker), HO-Ping (China) 2003

1 x hydraulic cylinder 250 / 160; stroke 2220 mm



BOOM LUFFING (Stacker), TianJin Port (China) 2003

piston rod with TOPCOAT® CERAMIC coated

2 x hydraulic cylinders 280 / 180; stroke 2019 mm

2 x hydraulic cylinders 480 / 180; stroke 3980 mm

2 x hydraulic cylinders 360 / 250; stroke 3209 mm



BOOM LUFFING (Stacker), Quinhuangdao (China) 2004

piston rod TOPCOAT® CERAMIC coated

12 hydraulic cylinders 280 / 180 ; stroke 2019 mm

6 cabine adjustment cylinders 80 / 45 ; stroke 375 mm



BOOM LUFFING (Stacker), Tianjin Shenua (China) 2004

piston rod with TOPCOAT® CERAMIC coated

6 x hydraulic cylinders 360 / 250; stroke 3309 mm

6 x hydraulic cylinders 280 / 220; stroke 3309 mm

8 x hydraulic cylinders 280 / 180; stroke 2077 mm



cylinders in assembly before priming and coating



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Stacker Clermont (New Caledonia), 2012

1 x hydraulic cylinders 560/ 240, stroke 5.400 mm

➔ boom hosting

1 x hydraulic cylinders 560/ 240, stroke 6.800 mm

➔ boom luffing



Stacker Port of Sacomar (Angola), 2012

- 1 x hydraulic cylinders 450/ 320, stroke 3.900 mm → boom luffing
- 1 x hydraulic cylinders 360/ 160, stroke 1.650 mm → discharge boom
- 1 x hydraulic cylinders 280/ 180, stroke 2.150 mm → boom luffing
- 1 x hydraulic cylinders 100/ 60, stroke 1.670 mm → deflector plate
- 1 x hydraulic cylinders 100/ 60, stroke 500 mm → cabin luffing



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hydraulic cylinders for transport crawler, Senegal (Africa) 2003

4 hydraulic cylinders

240 / 180; stroke 2.600 mm



hydraulic cylinders for giant excavator, (permanent 4 pieces per month)

480/ 280; stroke 3.400 mm



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references

Steel manufacturing

demands: very dirty environment
constant heat radiation
24 hrs in operation
no maintenance possible

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Projects

*retro fit (rehabilitation) of steel mill,
Kosice, Czech Republic, 1992*

*electric furnace of steel mill,
Hangzhou, P.R.China, 1998*

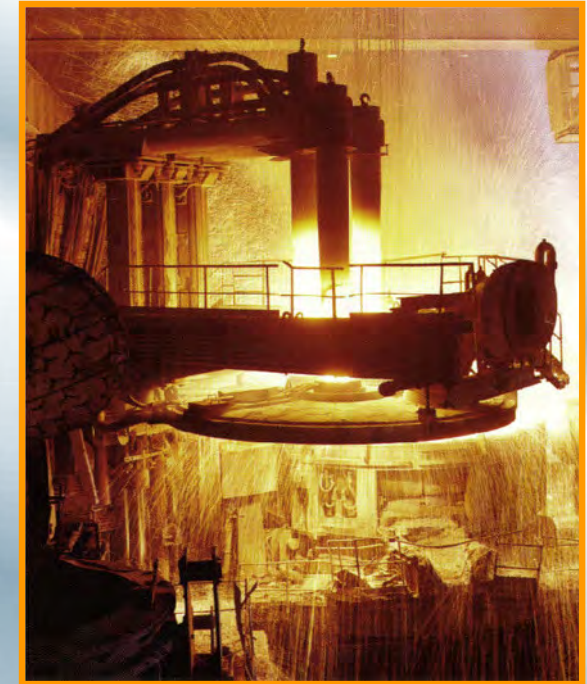
steel mill, Slobom, Russia, 1998

*steel processing, cold drawn metal sheet,
Rasbeitz, Germany, 1999*

*steel processing
Perkasa, Indonesia, 1999*

*steel processing
Alfahot, Algeria, 2000*

*steel processing, stainless cold drawn
metal sheet, Krecoil, Germany, 2002*



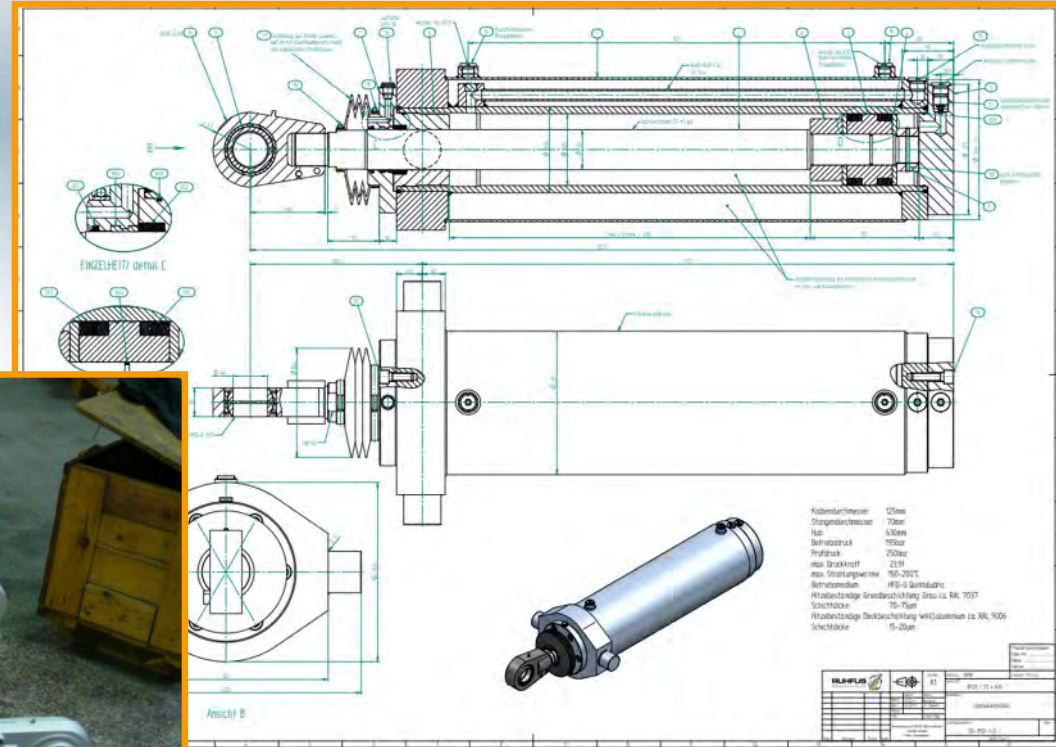
hydraulic cylinders for steel plants

replacements for **SMS** (Germany), 2012

19 x hydraulic cylinders with
water cooling shell

125/ 70 stroke 630 mm

→ application not known



hydraulic cylinders for steel plants

*hydraulic cylinders for **Vallourec & Mannesmann**, Germany
OPTIMIZED REPLACEMENTS for steel plant in Germany*

1 x 360/ 250; stroke 3.100 mm, 2009, ejector cylinder

1 x 280/ 160; stroke 1.800 mm, 2009, manipulator cylinder for positioning press

1 x 380/ 290; stroke 1.825 mm, 2011, cylinder for 4000 to perforating press

1 x 220/ 160; stroke 1.500 mm, 2012, application not known

*hydraulic cylinders for **Danielli Fröhling**, Germany
for steel plant in China*

2 x 240/ 200; stroke 50 mm, 2011, roll adjustment cylinder

*hydraulic cylinders for **Voest Steel**, Austria
OPTIMIZED REPLACEMENTS for steel plant in Austria*

2 x 200/ 160; stroke 3.220 mm, 2011, lifting cylinder

*1 x 420/ 380; stroke 800 mm, 2013, jack ram cylinder for horizontal press with
power quick traverse*

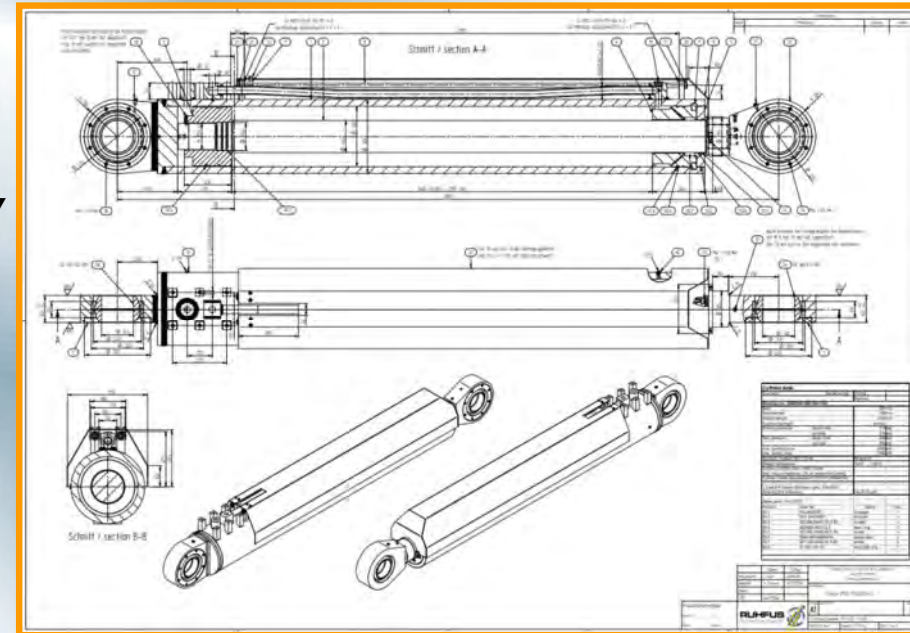


hydraulic cylinders for steel plants

hydraulic cylinders with
heat protection shield for
Changsha Kairui Zhonggong Machinery
P.R. of China, 2009

2 x 300/ 160 stroke 2.100 mm

→ ejector cylinder for mill train



presentation

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hydraulic cylinders for steel plants

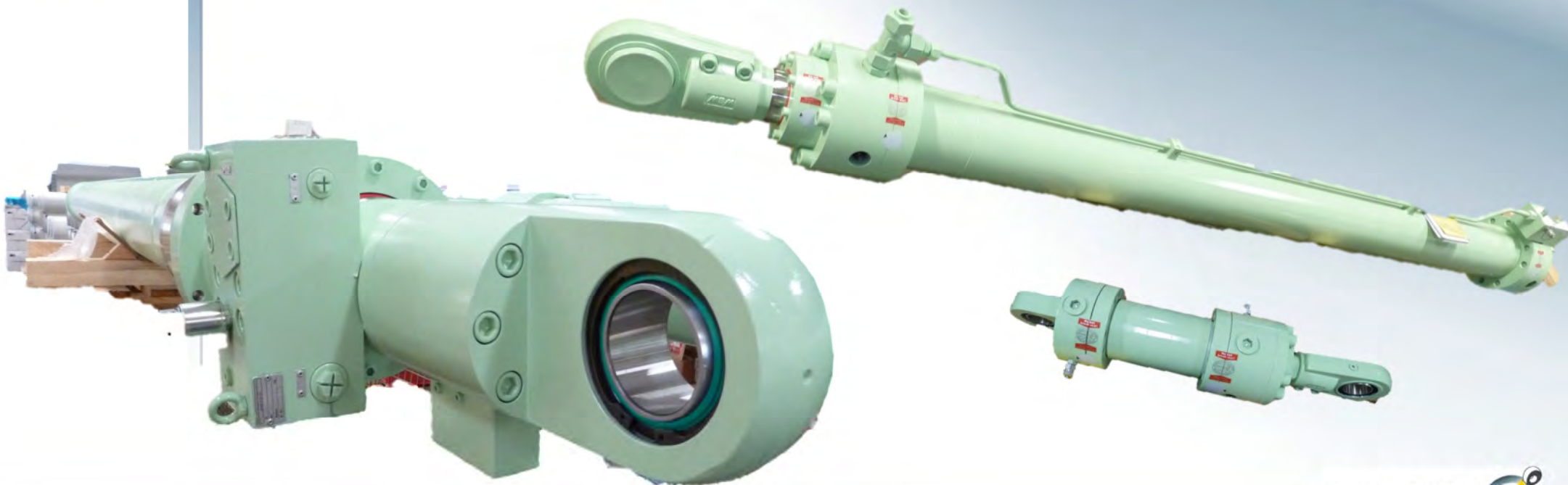
hydraulic cylinders for **SMS Mevac**,
Germany for 250 ton aluminium melting
furnace in Taiwan, 2012
lifting, tilting, holding

4 x 100/ 56; stroke 150 mm

8 x 160/ 100; stroke 850 mm

2 x 160/ 110; stroke 2.300mm

4 x 202/ 180; stroke 4.000mm



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references

Grinding mills

- demands:**
- very dusty and abrasive environment
 - highly corrosive
 - 24 hrs in operation
 - fast, short movements (50 – 60 Herz)

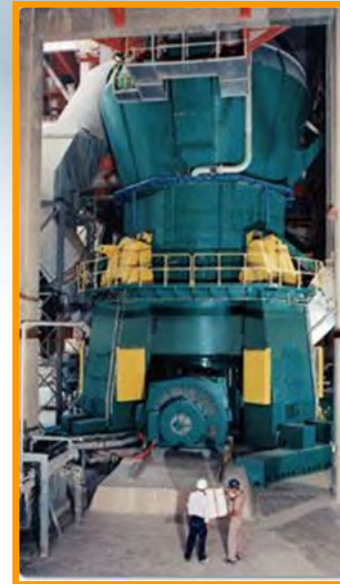
presentation

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grinding mills
(coal, cement, clinker)



tension and suspension cylinders, approx. 450 – 500 pcs. per year



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Special projects

demands: time to design and
manufacture the
cylinders

references

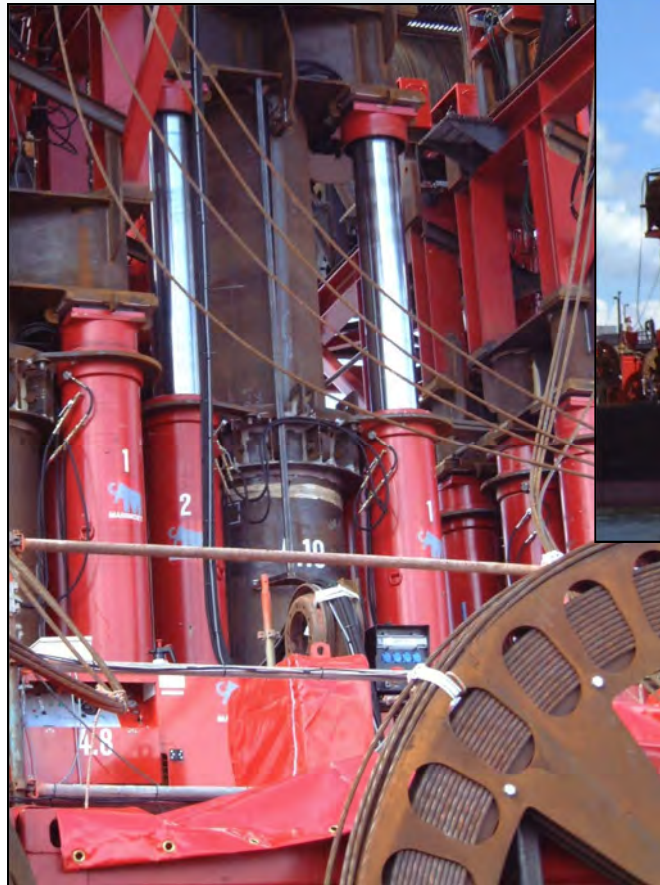
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salvages



*lifting of submarine KURSK,
Mammoet, Netherlands, 2001
107 cylinders in 10 weeks*



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references

Accumulators

demands: always ready, long stand by periods without movements

no leakage at all allowed, although filled with nitrogen

temperatur -50°C – 80°C

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accumulators



*approx. 6.000 – 6.500 m
of accumulator tubes p.a.*



presentation

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references

Heavy Duty Presses

presentation

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Neuss, Germany

laminate presses (wood processing industry)

between 250 – 300 plunger cylinder year
Ø 350, Ø 400, Ø 420, Ø 450,
stroke 260 – 350 mm
hard chrome or NiCrBoSi plated



presentation

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debris presses (environmental industry)



recycling



compacting



presentation

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moulding and forming presses (consumer industry)



plastic/ injection moulding



forming



die casting

sand ingot casting (automotive)



presentation

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references

Wind energy

presentation

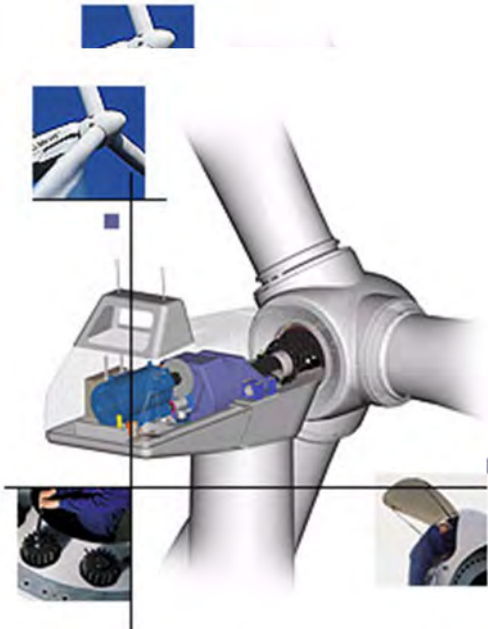
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*adjustment of rotor blades,
approx. 7.000-8.000 cylinder
tubes per year*



wind energy



presentation

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civil engineering

demands: very dusty and
abrasive environment

forces difficult to
control
(high velocities and
power peaks)

no maintenance

references

presentation

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**building
machinery**



*worldwide largest excavator at this
time, O&K, 1997*

*demolition tongues, approx.
400 cylinder per year*



*excavators, main cylinder,
approx. 1.700 cylinder tubes per year*



*main cylinder for larger excavator
(4 cylinder per months)*

presentation

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**concrete &
sludge
pumping**



concrete & sludge pumps and tilting cylinders, approx. 2.500 – 3.000 tubes and 100 cylinder per year

presentation

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**tunnel
drilling**

**coal and ore
mining**

brown coal reclaimer,



*tunnel drilling device for
Metro in Paris,*

presentation

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**Thank you for
your attention !!!**